

IN THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims replaces all prior listings:

1. (Currently Amended) An electrochemical device comprising:
a fuel electrode which becomes a negative electrode while accompanying generation of hydrogen;

an oxygen electrode provided so as to be allowed to be in contact with oxygen, which becomes a positive electrode while accompanying generation of water from oxygen molecules, the hydrogen ions, and electrons;

an ion exchange membrane for conducting the hydrogen ions in said fuel electrode into said oxygen electrode, said ion exchange membrane having a proton conductor; and

a fuel source for supplying a fuel so as to generate the hydrogen ions in said fuel electrodes; and

a housing containing said fuel electrode, said oxygen electrode, said ion exchange membrane, and said fuel source;

wherein,

 said fuel electrode and said fuel source constitute a fuel electrode assembly in a state being in contact with each other;

said fuel electrode assembly is surrounded by said ion exchange membrane in a state being in contact with said ion exchange membrane; and

said ion exchange membrane is surrounded by said oxygen electrode in a state being in contact with said oxygen electrode.

2. (Original) An electrochemical device according to claim 1, wherein said fuel source is allowed to absorb a liquid fuel or hydrogen gas.

3. (Original) An electrochemical device according to claim 2, wherein said fuel source is composed of a hydrogen absorber made from carbon based fullerene molecules, carbon nanotubes, carbon nanofibers, or a metal hydride.

4. (Currently Amended) An electrochemical device according to claim 1, wherein said fuel electrode assembly is formed into a round ~~columnar~~cylindrical shape; and each of said ion exchange membrane and said oxygen electrode is formed into a hollow ~~cylinder~~cylindrical shape.

5. (Currently Amended) An electrochemical device according to claim 4, wherein said fuel source is formed into a round ~~columnar~~cylindrical shape and said fuel electrode is formed into a hollow ~~cylinder~~cylindrical shape, and said fuel source is surrounded by said fuel electrode in a state being in contact with said fuel electrode.

6. (Original) An electrochemical device according to claim 1, wherein said ion exchange membrane has a porous matrix which is filled with said proton conductor.

7. (Original) An electrochemical device according to claim 1, wherein said ion exchange membrane is formed by mixing said proton conductor with a binder and forming the mixture into a film shape.

8. (Original) An electrochemical device according to claim 1, wherein said proton conductor is formed by introducing proton dissociative groups in a base body composed of a carbonaceous material containing carbon as a main component.

9. (Original) An electrochemical device according to claim 1, wherein said proton conductor is formed of an electrolyte membrane which does not require water management.

10. (Original) An electrochemical device according to claim 9, wherein said electrolyte membrane is a self-humidifying type solid polymer membrane.

11. (Original) An electrochemical device according to claim 9, wherein said electrolyte membrane is made from a proton conductive inorganic compound.

12. (Currently Amended) A power generator having a plurality of electrochemical devices, each of said electrochemical devices comprising:

a fuel electrode which becomes a negative electrode while accompanying generation of hydrogen;

an oxygen electrode provided so as to be allowed to be in contact with oxygen, which becomes a positive electrode while accompanying generation of water from oxygen molecules, the hydrogen ions, and electrons;

an ion exchange membrane for conducting the hydrogen ions in said fuel electrode into said oxygen electrode, said ion exchange membrane having a proton conductor; and

a fuel source for supplying a fuel so as to generate the hydrogen ions in said fuel electrodes; and

a housing containing said fuel electrode, said oxygen electrode, said ion exchange membrane, and said fuel source, said plurality of electrochemical devices being electrically connected to each other by means of a conductive connection pattern;

wherein,

_____ said fuel electrode and said fuel source in at least one of said electrochemical devices constitute a fuel electrode assembly in a state being in contact with each other;

said fuel electrode assembly in at least one of said electrochemical devices is surrounded by said ion exchange membrane in a state being in contact with said ion exchange membrane; and

said ion exchange membrane in at least one of said electrochemical devices is surrounded by said oxygen electrode in a state being in contact with said oxygen electrode.

13. (Currently Amended) A power generation system having a plurality of electrochemical devices, each of said electrochemical devices comprising:

- a fuel electrode which becomes a negative electrode while accompanying generation of hydrogen;
- an oxygen electrode provided so as to be allowed to be in contact with oxygen, which becomes a positive electrode while accompanying generation of water from oxygen molecules, the hydrogen ions, and electrons;
- an ion exchange membrane for conducting the hydrogen ions in said fuel electrode into said oxygen electrode, said ion exchange membrane having a proton conductor; and
- a fuel source for supplying a fuel so as to generate the hydrogen ions in said fuel electrodes; and

a housing containing said fuel electrode, said oxygen electrode, said ion exchange membrane, and said fuel source, said plurality of electrochemical devices being electrically connected to each other by means of a conductive connection pattern;

wherein,

_____ said plurality of electrochemical devices and said conductive connection pattern are disposed in a housing; and

wherein said fuel electrode and said fuel source in at least one of said electrochemical devices constitute a fuel electrode assembly in a state being in contact with each other;

said fuel electrode assembly in at least one of said electrochemical devices is surrounded by said ion exchange membrane in a state being in contact with said ion exchange membrane;

and

said ion exchange membrane in at least one of said electrochemical devices is surrounded by said oxygen electrode in a state being in contact with said oxygen electrode.

14. (Original) A power generation system according to claim 13, wherein said housing is provided with an oxygen supply passage or an air supply passage for supplying oxygen or air to said electrochemical devices, and a fuel filling port for supplying a fuel to said fuel sources.

15. (Currently Amended) An electrochemical device comprising:
 a fuel electrode which becomes a negative electrode while accompanying generation of hydrogen;
 an oxygen electrode provided so as to be allowed to be in contact with oxygen, which becomes a positive electrode while accompanying generation of water from oxygen molecules, the hydrogen ions, and electrons;
 an ion exchange membrane for conducting the hydrogen ions in said fuel electrode into said oxygen electrode, said ion exchange membrane having a proton conductor; and
 a fuel source for supplying a fuel so as to generate the hydrogen ions in said fuel electrodes; and
a housing containing said fuel electrode, said oxygen electrode, said ion exchange membrane, and said fuel source;
 wherein,
said oxygen electrode is surrounded by said ion exchange membrane in a state being in contact with said ion exchange membrane; and
said ion exchange membrane is surrounded by said fuel electrode in a state being in contact with said fuel electrode; and
wherein said fuel electrode and said fuel source constitute a fuel electrode assembly in a state being in contact with each other; and
said fuel electrode assembly surrounding said oxygen electrode acts only on said oxygen electrode.

16. (Original) An electrochemical device according to claim 15, wherein said fuel source is allowed to absorb a liquid fuel or hydrogen gas.

17. (Original) An electrochemical device according to claim 16, wherein said fuel source is composed of a hydrogen absorber made from carbon based fullerene molecules, carbon nanotubes, carbon nanofibers, or a metal hydride.

18. (Currently Amended) An electrochemical device according to claim 15, wherein each of said fuel electrode assembly, said ion exchange membrane, and said oxygen electrode is formed into a hollow ~~eylinder~~cylindrical shape.

19. (Currently Amended) An electrochemical device according to claim 15, wherein each of said fuel source and said fuel electrode is formed into a hollow ~~eylinder~~cylindrical shape, and said fuel electrode is surrounded by said fuel source in a state being in contact with said fuel source.

20. (Original) An electrochemical device according to claim 15, wherein said ion exchange membrane has a porous matrix which is filled with said proton conductor.

21. (Original) An electrochemical device according to claim 15, wherein said ion exchange membrane is formed by mixing said proton conductor with a binder and forming the mixture into a film shape.

22. (Original) An electrochemical device according to claim 1, wherein said proton conductor is formed by introducing proton dissociative groups in a base body composed of a carbonaceous material containing carbon as a main component.

23. (Original) An electrochemical device according to claim 15, wherein said proton conductor is formed of an electrolyte membrane which does not require water management.

24. (Original) An electrochemical device according to claim 23, wherein said electrolyte membrane is a self-humidifying type solid polymer membrane.

25. (Original) An electrochemical device according to claim 23, wherein said electrolyte membrane is made from a proton conductive inorganic compound.

26. (Currently Amended) A power generator having a plurality of electrochemical devices, each of said electrochemical devices comprising:

a fuel electrode which becomes a negative electrode while accompanying generation of hydrogen;

an oxygen electrode provided so as to be allowed to be in contact with oxygen, which becomes a positive electrode while accompanying generation of water from oxygen molecules, the hydrogen ions, and electrons;

an ion exchange membrane for conducting the hydrogen ions in said fuel electrode into said oxygen electrode, said ion exchange membrane having a proton conductor; and

a fuel source for supplying a fuel so as to generate the hydrogen ions in said fuel electrodes; and

_____ a housing containing said fuel electrode, said oxygen electrode, said ion exchange membrane, and said fuel source;

wherein,

_____ said oxygen electrode in at least one of said plurality of electrochemical devices is surrounded by said ion exchange membrane in a state being in contact with said ion exchange membrane; and

said ion exchange membrane in at least one of said plurality of electrochemical devices is surrounded by said fuel electrode in a state being in contact with said fuel electrode; and

wherein said fuel electrode and said fuel source in at least one of said electrochemical devices constitute a fuel electrode assembly in a state being in contact with each other;

said plurality of electrochemical devices are electrically connected to each other by means of a conductive connection pattern; and

said fuel electrode assembly surrounding one of said oxygen electrodes acts only on said one of said oxygen electrodes.

27. (Currently Amended) A power generation system having a plurality of electrochemical devices, each of said electrochemical devices comprising:

- a fuel electrode which becomes a negative electrode while accompanying generation of hydrogen;
- an oxygen electrode provided so as to be allowed to be in contact with oxygen, which becomes a positive electrode while accompanying generation of water from oxygen molecules, the hydrogen ions, and electrons;
- an ion exchange membrane for conducting the hydrogen ions in said fuel electrode into said oxygen electrode, said ion exchange membrane having a proton conductor; ~~and~~
- a fuel source for supplying a fuel so as to generate the hydrogen ions in said fuel electrodes; and
- a housing containing said fuel electrode, said oxygen electrode, said ion exchange membrane, and said fuel source;

wherein,

 said oxygen electrode in at least one of said plurality of electrochemical devices is surrounded by said ion exchange membrane in a state being in contact with said ion exchange membrane; ~~and~~

 said ion exchange membrane in at least one of said plurality of electrochemical devices is surrounded by said fuel electrode in a state being in contact with said fuel electrode; ~~and~~

 wherein said fuel electrode and said fuel source in at least one of said electrochemical devices constitute a fuel electrode assembly in a state being in contact with each other;

 said plurality of electrochemical devices are electrically connected to each other by means of a conductive connection pattern;

 said fuel electrode assembly surrounding one of said oxygen electrodes acts only on said one of said oxygen electrodes; and

 said plurality of electrochemical devices and said conductive connection pattern are disposed in a housing.

28. (Original) A power generation system according to claim 27, wherein said housing is provided with an oxygen supply passage or an air supply passage for supplying oxygen or air to said electrochemical devices, and a fuel filling port for supplying a fuel to said fuel sources.